

Rinjani Mountain

Contributed by

The Rinjani Mountain had the height 3.720 meters as well as was located around 8°18' - 8°33' South Lintang Line and 116°18' - 116°32' Lie Alongside East. Because of beauty of it's scenery the Rinjani Mountain became the favourite for the climber in Indonesia.

The Rinjani Mountain was in three regencies that is: East Lombok, Middle Lombok, West Lombok and was part of the Rinjani Mountain National Park that had the area around 41.330 h.a. On the west of the Rinjani cone was gotten the caldera widely 3.500 x 4.800 meters, along to the side of east. In this caldera was gotten the Segara Anak Lake (2.008 meters height) widely around 1.100 hectare and the depth between 160 - 230 meters. With the colour of his water that was blue, this lake like the ocean child. Therefore was acknowledged as "Segara Anak". In Segara Anak often was gotten by the fish so as often was used to fish. Water that flowed from this lake formed the very beautiful waterfall, flowed beyond the steep chasm. The southern part of this lake was mentioned with Segara Endut. In the east of the caldera was gotten the Baru Jari Mountain that had the crater measuring 170 x 200 meters with the height 2,296 - 2376 meters. This small mountain finally erupted during 2004.

To reach our Segara Anak Lake could climb from the Senaru Village (the height 500 meters) or the village of Sembalun Lawang (the height 1.200 meters). The Sembalun route rather long but flat, and the weather was hotter because through the intense savannah carpet. From the side of Senaru the ascent without the break, but the soft weather because of going through the forest. From the two locations needed time walked around 9 hours towards the side of the mountain in the height 2,700 meters (arrived in Plawangan Senaru or Plawangan Sembalun). In this place scenery to the side of the lake, and outside very good. From Plawangan Senaru (if rising from the side of Senaru) descended to the lake through the steep wall to the height 2.000 meters) that could be followed in 2 hours.

To reach the peak (of the lake of Segara Anak) must walk climbed the next wall west be as high as 700 meters and climbed onto the side of the mountain be as high as 1.000 meters that was followed in 2 stages, 3 hours and 4 hours. The first stage headed Plawangan Sembalun, camp finally to be waiting in the morning. Summit attack normally was carried out at 3 o'clock during the day to get moment beautiful - the sun rise in the Rinjani peak. The trip headed the peak was rather heavy. 200 meters the last height must be followed with difficulty, because one step advanced was followed by half of the step descended (slipped the gravel rock). From the Rinjani peak, Mount Agung in Bali, Mount Ijen-Merapi in Banyuwangi and the Tambora Mountain in Sumbawa were seen clear during the fine weather in the morning.

Could be said, Rinjani had pan-the aroma that was best among mountains in Indonesia. (hen){mosgoogle}